State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-sixth Legislature First Regular Session 2003

CHAPTER 98

## **HOUSE BILL 2476**

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 45-402, 45-461, 45-467, 45-469 AND 45-472, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 45, CHAPTER 2, ARTICLE 5, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 45-483; RELATING TO THE GROUNDWATER CODE.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 45-402, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

## 45-402. Definitions

In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Accounting period" means the calendar year, except such other twelve-month period as may be otherwise agreed upon by the director and the owner of a farm or a district on behalf of its landowners.
- 2. "Active management area" means a geographical area which has been designated pursuant to article 2 of this chapter as requiring active management of groundwater or, in the case of the Santa Cruz active management area, active management of any water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well.
- 3. "Animal industry use" means the production, growing and feeding of livestock, range livestock or poultry, as such terms are defined in section 3-1201. Animal industry use is included in the term and general treatment of industry in this chapter, unless specifically provided otherwise.
- 4. "City" or "town" means a city or town incorporated or chartered under the constitution and laws of this state.
- 5. "Conservation district" means a multi-county water conservation district established under title 48, chapter 22.
- 6. "Convey" means to transfer the ownership of a grandfathered right from one person to another.
  - 7. "Date of the designation of the active management area" means:
  - (a) With respect to an initial active management area, June 12, 1980.
- (b) With respect to a subsequent active management area, the date on which the director's order designating the active management area becomes effective as provided in section 45-414 or the date on which the final results of an election approving the establishment of the active management area pursuant to section 45-415 are certified by the board of supervisors of the county or counties in which the active management area is located.
- 8. "Exempt well" means a well having a pump with a maximum capacity of not more than thirty-five gallons per minute which is used to withdraw groundwater pursuant to section 45-454.
- 9. "Expanded animal industry use" means increased water use by an animal industrial enterprise on the land in use by the enterprise on June 12, 1980 or on immediately adjoining land, excluding irrigation uses.
- 10. "Farm" means an area of irrigated land which is under the same ownership, which is served by a water distribution system common to the irrigated land and to which can be applied common conservation, water measurement and water accounting procedures.
  - 11. "Farm unit" means:
- (a) With respect to areas outside an active management area and with respect to an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area, one or more farms which are irrigated with

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groundwater and which are contiguous or in proximity to each other with similar soil conditions, crops and cropping patterns.

- (b) With respect to the Santa Cruz active management area, one or more farms which are irrigated with water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well and which are contiguous or in proximity to each other with similar soil conditions, crops and cropping patterns.
- 12. "Grandfathered right" means a right to withdraw and use groundwater pursuant to article 5 of this chapter based on the fact of lawful withdrawals and use of groundwater prior to the date of the designation of an active management area.
- 13. "Groundwater basin" means an area which, as nearly as known facts permit as determined by the director pursuant to this chapter, may be designated so as to enclose a relatively hydrologically distinct body or related bodies of groundwater, which shall be described horizontally by surface description.
- 14. "Groundwater replenishment district" or "replenishment district" means a district that is established pursuant to title 48, chapter 27.
- 15. "Groundwater withdrawal permit" means a permit issued by the director pursuant to article 7 of this chapter.
- 16. "Initial active management area" means the Phoenix, Prescott or Pinal active management area established by section 45-411, the Tucson active management area established by section 45-411 and modified by section 45-411.02 and the Santa Cruz active management area established by section 45-411.03.
  - 17. "Integrated farming operation" means:
- (a) With respect to land within an irrigation non-expansion area, more than ten acres of land that are contiguous or in close proximity, that may be irrigated pursuant to section 45-437, that are not under the same ownership and that are farmed as a single farming operation.
- (b) With respect to land within an active management area, two or more farms that are contiguous or in close proximity, that collectively have more than ten irrigation acres and that are farmed as a single farming operation.
- 18. "Irrigate" means to apply water to two or more acres of land to produce plants or parts of plants for sale or human consumption, or for use as feed for livestock, range livestock or poultry, as such terms are defined in section 3-1201.
- 19. "Irrigation acre" means an acre of land, as determined in section 45-465, subsection B, to which an irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant.
- 20. "Irrigation district" means a political subdivision, however designated, established pursuant to title 48, chapter 17 or 19.
- 21. "Irrigation grandfathered right" means a grandfathered right determined pursuant to section 45-465.
- 22. "Irrigation non-expansion area" means a geographical area which has been designated pursuant to article 3 of this chapter as having insufficient

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groundwater to provide a reasonably safe supply for the irrigation of the cultivated lands at the current rate of withdrawal.

- 23. "Irrigation use" means:
- (a) With respect to areas outside an active management area and with respect to an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area, the use of groundwater on two or more acres of land to produce plants or parts of plants for sale or human consumption, or for use as feed for livestock, range livestock or poultry, as such terms are defined in section 3-1201.
- (b) With respect to the Santa Cruz active management area, the use of water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well on two or more acres of land to produce plants or parts of plants for sale or human consumption, or for use as feed for livestock, range livestock or poultry, as such terms are defined in section 3-1201.
- 24. "Irrigation water duty" or "water duty" means the amount of water in acre-feet per acre that is reasonable to apply to irrigated land in a farm unit during the accounting period, as determined by the director pursuant to sections 45-564 through 45-568 OR AS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 45-483.
- 25. "Member land" means real property that qualifies as a member land of a conservation district as provided by title 48, chapter 22.
- 26. "Member service area" means the service area of a city, town or private water company that qualifies as a member service area of a conservation district as provided by title 48, chapter 22.
- 27. "Non-irrigation grandfathered right" means a grandfathered right determined pursuant to section 45-463, 45-464, 45-469 or 45-472.
  - 28. "Non-irrigation use" means:
- (a) With respect to areas outside an active management area and with respect to an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area, a use of groundwater other than an irrigation use.
- (b) With respect to the Santa Cruz active management area, a use of water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well, other than an irrigation use.
- 29. "Person" means an individual, public or private corporation, company, partnership, firm, association, society, estate or trust, any other private organization or enterprise, the United States, any state, territory or country or a governmental entity, political subdivision or municipal corporation organized under or subject to the constitution and laws of this state.
  - 30. "Private water company" means:
- (a) With respect to areas outside an active management area and with respect to an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area, any entity which distributes or sells groundwater, except a political subdivision or an entity which is established pursuant to title 48 and which is not regulated as a public service corporation by the

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Arizona corporation commission under a certificate of public convenience and necessity. A city or town is not a private water company.

- (b) With respect to the Santa Cruz active management area, any entity which distributes or sells water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well, except a political subdivision or an entity which is established pursuant to title 48 and which is not regulated as a public service corporation by the Arizona corporation commission under a certificate of public convenience and necessity. A city or town is not a private water company.
  - 31. "Service area" means:
- (a) With respect to a city or town, the area of land actually being served water, for a non-irrigation use, by the city or town plus:
- (i) Additions to such area which contain an operating distribution system owned by the city or town primarily for the delivery of water for a non-irrigation use.
- (ii) The service area of a city, town or private water company that obtains its water from the city pursuant to a contract entered into prior to the date of the designation of the active management area.
- (b) With respect to a private water company, the area of land of the private water company actually being served water, for a non-irrigation use, by the private water company plus additions to such area which contain an operating distribution system owned by the private water company primarily for the delivery of water for a non-irrigation use.
  - 32. "Service area of an irrigation district" means:
- (a) With respect to an irrigation district which was engaged in the withdrawal, delivery and distribution of groundwater as of the date of the designation of the active management area, the area of land within the boundaries of the irrigation district actually being served water by the irrigation district at any time during the five years preceding the date of the designation of the active management area plus any areas as of the date of the designation of the active management area within the boundaries of the irrigation district which contain an operating system of canals, flumes, ditches and other works owned or operated by the irrigation district. The service area may be modified pursuant to section 45-494.01.
- (b) With respect to an irrigation district which was not engaged in the withdrawal, delivery and distribution of groundwater as of the date of the designation of the active management area:
- (i) The acres of member lands within the boundaries of the irrigation district which were legally irrigated at any time from January 1, 1975 through January 1, 1980 for initial active management areas or during the five years preceding the date of the designation of the active management area for subsequent active management areas.
- (ii) Any areas as of the date of the designation of the active management area within the boundaries of the irrigation district which

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contain an operating system of canals, flumes, ditches and other works for the withdrawal, delivery and distribution of water.

- 33. "Stored water" means water that is stored underground for the purpose of recovery pursuant to a permit issued under chapter 3.1 of this title.
- 34. "Sub-basin SUBBASIN" means an area which, as nearly as known facts permit as determined by the director pursuant to this chapter, may be designated so as to enclose a relatively hydrologically distinct body of groundwater within a groundwater basin, which shall be described horizontally by surface description.
- 35. "Subsequent active management area" means an active management area established after June 12, 1980 pursuant to article 2 of this chapter.
- 36. "Subsidence" means the settling or lowering of the surface of land which results from the withdrawal of groundwater.
- 37. "Transportation" means the movement of groundwater from the point of withdrawal to the point of use.
- 38. "Type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right" means a non-irrigation grandfathered right associated with retired irrigated land and determined pursuant to section 45-463, 45-469 or 45-472.
- 39. "Type 2 non-irrigation grandfathered right" means a non-irrigation grandfathered right not associated with retired irrigated land and determined pursuant to section 45-464.
- 40. "Water district" means an active management area water district that is established under title 48, chapter 28 and that has adopted an ordinance or resolution to undertake water district groundwater replenishment obligations as defined and used in title 48, chapter 28, article 7.
- 41. "Water district member land" means real property that qualifies as water district member land of a water district as provided by title 48, chapter 28.
- 42. "Water district member service area" means the service area of the city, town or private water company that qualifies as a water district member service area of a water district as provided by title 48, chapter 28.
- 43. "Well" means a man-made opening in the earth through which water may be withdrawn or obtained from beneath the surface of the earth except as provided in section 45-591.01.
  - Sec. 2. Section 45-461, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 45-461. <u>Definitions</u>

In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Certificate of exemption" means a certificate which was issued by the state land department or Arizona water commission under prior statutory law for the purpose of describing specific uses and amounts of water which could not be enjoined if found to constitute the transfer or transportation of groundwater.
- 2. "Development plan" means a plan for the non-irrigation use of land in connection with which land has been or will be retired from irrigation for

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 the bona fide purpose of conserving or using water for such non-irrigation use which would otherwise be used to irrigate the retired land.

- 3. "Owner" means:
- (a) With respect to an irrigation grandfathered right or a type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right, the owner of the land to which the right is appurtenant.
- (b) With respect to a type 2 non-irrigation grandfathered right, the holder of the certificate of type 2 non-irrigation grandfathered right.
- 4. "PROTECTED FARMLAND" MEANS LAND THAT HAS BEEN DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR AS PROTECTED FARMLAND PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-483, SUBSECTION A AND FOR WHICH THE DESIGNATION HAS NOT BEEN REVOKED BY THE DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-483, SUBSECTION C.
- 4. 5. "Same ownership" means ownership by the same person or entity or by successor persons or entities as a result of succession to heirs and personal representatives, corporate and partnership reorganizations, mergers, dissolutions, divestitures, partnerships, partitions, joint ventures, foreclosures, receivership or bankruptcy, purchase of capital stock, sale pursuant to United States Code, title 11, or similar succession, but not by outright sale to a bona fide purchaser for value where no portion of or beneficial interest in the successor in interest is retained by the original owner, its shareholders, partners, limited partners or beneficiaries.
- 5. 6. "Water duty acres" means the acres of land in a farm, as determined pursuant to section 45-465, subsection B, which are used in calculating the maximum amount of groundwater which may be used pursuant to an irrigation grandfathered right.
  - Sec. 3. Section 45-467, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
    45-467. Withdrawals in excess of irrigation grandfathered
    right; withdrawals less than irrigation grandfathered
    right; flexibility account; conveyances; variance;
    exemption
- A. A person who is entitled to use groundwater pursuant to an irrigation grandfathered right may:
- 1. In an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area, use groundwater in excess of the amount allowed by the right in an amount determined pursuant to subsection I of this section.
- 2. In the Santa Cruz active management area, use water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well in excess of the farm's current irrigation water duty multiplied by the farm's water duty acres in an amount determined pursuant to subsection J of this section.
- 3. Use less than the amount allowed by the right in one accounting period and use the remaining amount allowed by the right in a succeeding accounting period or periods.
- B. The director shall establish rules for the maintenance of a flexibility account for each farm in an active management area.

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- C. If a farm located in an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area is irrigated solely with groundwater, the director shall:
- 1. Register a debit to the account in any accounting period in which the amount of groundwater used for the irrigation of the irrigation acres in the farm is greater than the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm.
- 2. Register a credit to the account in any accounting period in which the amount of groundwater used for the irrigation of the irrigation acres in the farm is less than the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm.
- D. Except as provided in subsection G of this section, if a farm located in an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area is irrigated with a combination of surface water or effluent, or both, and groundwater, and uses of water by the farm from all sources for irrigation purposes, except for surface water, other than Colorado river water, released for beneficial use from storage, diversion or distribution facilities to avoid spilling that would otherwise occur due to uncontrolled surface water inflows that exceed facility capacity, in the accounting period:
- 1. Exceed the amount of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm, the amount of groundwater used up to the amount of the excess, less any effluent used, shall be registered as a debit to the account.
- 2. Are less than the amount of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm, the amount of water not used which would have been groundwater shall be registered as a credit to the account.
- E. If a farm located in the Santa Cruz active management area is irrigated solely with water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well, the director shall:
- 1. Register a debit to the account in any accounting period in which the amount of water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well and used for the irrigation of the irrigation acres in the farm is greater than the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm. The amount of the debit shall equal the amount of the excess.
- 2. Register a credit to the account in any accounting period in which the amount of water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well and used for the irrigation of the irrigation acres in the farm is less than the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm.
- F. If a farm located in the Santa Cruz active management area is irrigated with a combination of surface water not withdrawn from a well and effluent, or both, and water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well,

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 and uses of water by the farm from all sources for irrigation purposes in the accounting period:

- 1. Exceed the amount of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm, the amount of water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well and used on the farm up to the amount of the excess, less any effluent used that does not qualify as stored water, shall be registered as a debit to the account.
- 2. Are less than the amount of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm, the amount of water not used which would have been water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well shall be registered as a credit to the account.
- G. Beginning January 1, 1995 through December 31, 1999, if a farm that qualifies under this subsection as determined pursuant to subsection H of this section is irrigated during an accounting period with a combination of surface water or effluent, or both, and groundwater, and uses of water by the farm from all sources for irrigation purposes, except for surface water, other than Colorado river water, released for beneficial use from storage, diversion or distribution facilities to avoid spilling that would otherwise occur due to uncontrolled surface water inflows that exceed facility capacity, in the accounting period:
- 1. Exceed the amount of the first intermediate irrigation water duty established for the farm pursuant to section 45-565 multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm, the amount of groundwater used up to the amount of the excess, less any effluent used, shall be registered as a debit to the account.
- 2. Are less than the amount of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm, the amount of water not used that would have been groundwater shall be registered as a credit to the account.
- 3. Exceed or equal the amount of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm but are less than or equal to the amount of the first intermediate irrigation water duty established for the farm pursuant to section 45-565 multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm, no credit or debit may be registered to the account.
- H. A farm qualifies under subsection G of this section if it is located in an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area and either of the following applies:
- 1. The amount of groundwater used to irrigate the farm during the accounting period does not exceed an amount computed by multiplying the water duty acres in the farm by one and one-half acre-feet of water, except that an electrical district organized under title 48, chapter 12 or an irrigation district may apply to the director no later than March 31 of a year for an increase in that amount for that year for the farms located within the boundaries of the district that do not qualify under paragraph 2 of this subsection. The director shall grant the increase if the district

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demonstrates that it holds a contract for the purchase of hydroelectric power marketed by the western area power administration or the Arizona power authority and that the use of groundwater during that year by all of the farms within the boundaries of the district that do not qualify under paragraph 2 of this subsection in an amount that does not exceed one and one-half acre-feet of water multiplied by the total number of water duty acres of those farms would result in the district being unable to use its hydroelectric power capacity entitlement under the contract. If the director grants the increase, the director shall compute the maximum amount of groundwater that may be used by a farm within the district during the year in order to qualify under subsection G of this section as follows:

- (a) Determine the total amount of groundwater that must be used during the year by all farms in the district that do not qualify under paragraph 2 of this subsection to enable the district to efficiently use its hydroelectric kilowatt demand allocation.
- (b) Divide the amount determined in subdivision (a) of this paragraph by the total number of water duty acres of the farms in the district that do not qualify under paragraph 2 of this subsection.
- (c) Multiply the farm's water duty acres by the quotient in subdivision (b) of this paragraph or two acre-feet of water, whichever is less.
- 2. The farm is irrigated with water supplied by an irrigation district that owns or leases and operates all of the wells used to withdraw groundwater for irrigation use within the district, and the total amount of groundwater supplied by the irrigation district for irrigation use during the year does not exceed an amount computed by multiplying the total number of water duty acres within the irrigation district by one and one-half acre-feet of water, except that the irrigation district or an electrical district organized under title 48, chapter 12 may apply to the director no later than March 31 of a year for an increase in that amount for that year for the farms located within the boundaries of the irrigation district. The director shall grant the increase if the irrigation district or electrical district demonstrates that it holds a contract for the purchase of hydroelectric power marketed by the western area power administration or the Arizona power authority and that the irrigation district or electrical district would be unable to use its hydroelectric power capacity entitlement under the contract if the total amount of groundwater supplied by the irrigation district for irrigation use during the year does not exceed an amount computed by multiplying the total number of water duty acres within the irrigation district by one and one-half acre-feet of water. If the director grants the increase, the maximum amount of groundwater that may be supplied by the irrigation district for irrigation use during the year in order for the farms located within the boundaries of the irrigation district to qualify under subsection G of this section shall be the lesser of the following:

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- (a) The amount of groundwater that the director determines must be supplied by the irrigation district for irrigation use during the year to enable the irrigation district or electrical district to efficiently use its hydroelectric kilowatt demand allocation.
- (b) An amount of groundwater computed by multiplying the total number of water duty acres within the irrigation district by two acre-feet of water.
- I. The maximum excess amount of groundwater that may be used pursuant to this section is equal to fifty per cent of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm. An owner of an irrigation grandfathered right and the person using groundwater pursuant to the right violate this section if the flexibility account for the farm in which the irrigation acres to which the right is appurtenant are located is in arrears at any time in excess of this amount. Groundwater equal to the credit balance in the flexibility account may be used at any time.
- J. In the Santa Cruz active management area, the maximum excess amount of water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well that may be used pursuant to this section is equal to fifty per cent of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm. A person using water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well for an irrigation use in the Santa Cruz active management area violates this section if the flexibility account for the farm is in arrears at any time in excess of this amount. Water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well in an amount equal to the credit balance in the flexibility account may be used at any time, except that if the water is surface water, the amount that may be used shall not exceed the amount allowed by the decreed or appropriative surface water right.
- K. If an irrigation grandfathered right is conveyed for an irrigation use pursuant to section 45-472, each acre conveyed shall carry with it a proportional share of any debits or credits in the flexibility account for the farm. If an irrigation grandfathered right is conveyed for a non-irrigation use pursuant to section 45-472, each acre conveyed shall carry with it a proportional share of any debits in the flexibility account for the farm.
- L. A person in an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area who is using groundwater pursuant to an irrigation grandfathered right and who is operating under a variance to the irrigation water duty pursuant to section 45-574:
- 1. May accumulate a maximum debit in an amount equal to fifty per cent of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm.
- 2. Shall accumulate credits pursuant to subsection C or D of this section.
- M. A person in the Santa Cruz active management area who is using water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well for an irrigation use

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and who is operating under a variance to the irrigation water duty pursuant to section 45-574:

- 1. May accumulate a maximum debit in an amount equal to fifty per cent of the current irrigation water duty for the farm multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm.
- 2. Shall accumulate credits pursuant to subsection E or F of this section.
- In an active management area other than the Santa Cruz active management area, a person using groundwater pursuant to an irrigation grandfathered right shall file a report with the director each year which shall include the amount of groundwater used pursuant to the irrigation grandfathered right and such other information as the director shall require. In the Santa Cruz active management area, a person using water, other than stored water, withdrawn from a well for irrigation use shall file a report with the director each year which shall include the amount of water used on the farm and such other information as the director shall require. director may consolidate the reporting requirements of this section with the reporting requirements of section 45-632. A person using groundwater pursuant to an irrigation grandfathered right that is regulated under a best management practices program adopted by the director, pursuant to section 45-566.02, subsection F, section 45-567.02, subsection F or section 45-568.02, subsection F, is exempt from the reporting requirements of this subsection for groundwater used pursuant to the irrigation grandfathered right, except that the person shall file a report with the director each year that includes the information required by the best management practices program. A person using groundwater pursuant to an irrigation grandfathered right that is appurtenant to ten or fewer irrigation acres is exempt from the reporting requirements of this subsection for groundwater used pursuant to the irrigation grandfathered right unless one of the following applies:
- 1. The land to which the irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant is part of an integrated farming operation.
- 2. Groundwater is withdrawn from the land to which the irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant and delivered for use pursuant to either a service area right pursuant to article 6 of this chapter or a grandfathered groundwater right other than an irrigation grandfathered right that is appurtenant to irrigation acres that are exempt from irrigation water duties pursuant to section 45-563.02.
- 3. Groundwater is withdrawn from land that is both owned by the owner of the irrigation grandfathered right and contiguous to the land to which the irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant and delivered for use pursuant to either a service area right pursuant to article 6 of this chapter or a grandfathered groundwater right other than an irrigation grandfathered right that is appurtenant to irrigation acres that are exempt from irrigation water duties pursuant to section 45-563.02.

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- O. A person who owns an irrigation grandfathered right that is appurtenant to irrigation acres that were capable of being irrigated as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year and whose farm has registered a credit balance to its flexibility account may convey or sell all or a portion of the credit balance to any person, including the conveyor or seller of the credit balance, who owns another irrigation grandfathered right or who uses groundwater pursuant to another irrigation grandfathered right, except that:
- 1. A credit balance that is registered to the flexibility account of a farm located within an irrigation district may be transferred only to:
- (a) The flexibility account of a farm that is located within the same irrigation district.
- (b) The flexibility account of a farm that is located outside of that irrigation district if both farms are located in the same groundwater subbasin and the same active management area and if the farm to which the credits are conveyed is owned or leased by the owner or lessee of the farm from which the credits are conveyed.
- 2. A credit balance that is registered to the flexibility account of a farm that is not located within an irrigation district may be transferred only to:
- (a) The flexibility account of a farm that is located within the same groundwater <del>sub-basin</del> SUBBASIN and the same active management area and that is not located within an irrigation district.
- (b) The flexibility account of a farm that is located within the same groundwater subbasin and the same active management area and that is located within an irrigation district if the farm to which the credits are conveyed is owned or leased by the owner or lessee of the farm from which the credits are conveyed.
- 3. A credit registered to a flexibility account for a year may be conveyed or sold only during the second calendar year following the year for which the credit was registered.
- 4. A PERSON WHO OWNS A FARM THAT INCLUDES PROTECTED FARMLAND MAY NOT SELL OR OTHERWISE CONVEY ANY CREDIT REGISTERED TO THE FARM'S FLEXIBILITY ACCOUNT.
- P. A person who sells or conveys all or a portion of a credit balance pursuant to subsection 0 of this section, and the person to whom the credit balance is sold or conveyed, shall notify the director of the sale or conveyance within thirty days after the sale or conveyance on a form prescribed and furnished by the director.
- Q. The director shall establish and collect a reasonable fee from the conveyee or purchaser of a credit balance pursuant to subsection 0 of this section to cover the cost of administrative services and other expenses associated with registering a deduction to the conveyor's or seller's flexibility account balance and an addition to the conveyee's or purchaser's flexibility account balance pursuant to subsection R of this section. The

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conveyee or purchaser shall pay the fee at the time the notice required pursuant to subsection P of this section is given to the director.

- R. A sale or conveyance of all or part of a credit balance under subsection 0 of this section is effective only if the director receives the notice required by subsection P of this section and the fee required by subsection Q of this section within thirty days after the sale or conveyance. After receiving the notice and the fee, the director shall register a deduction of the credit amount conveyed or sold from the conveyor's or seller's flexibility account balance and the corresponding addition to the conveyee's or purchaser's flexibility account balance. The deduction and addition to the flexibility account balances are effective as of the date of the sale or conveyance.
- S. The director shall report to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives no later than June 30, 2002 on the effect of conveyances of flexibility account credit balances pursuant to subsection 0, paragraph 2 of this section on the achievement of the management goal of each active management area as stated in section 45-562 and on the conservation program included in the management plan for each active management area as provided in section 45-565, and any recommended changes to subsection 0, paragraph 2 of this section.
- T. Except for subsection N of this section, this section does not apply to:
- 1. A farm if the person entitled to use groundwater on the farm is exempt from the irrigation water duties established for the farm as provided in section 45-563.02, subsection A or if the director may not establish irrigation water duties for the farm as provided in section 45-563.02, subsection B.
- 2. A farm if water use within the farm is regulated under a best management practices program adopted by the director pursuant to section 45-566.02, subsection F, section 45-567.02, subsection F or section 45-568.02, subsection F.
  - Sec. 4. Section 45-469, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
    45-469. Right to retire irrigation grandfathered right for non-irrigation use: development plan approval; amendment of plan; approval of plan prior to retirement; amount withdrawn; service area determined; restoration of retired irrigation grandfathered right
- A. Except as provided in section 45-480, subsection F and subsection P of this section, except as provided in subsection I of this section, a person who owns land which is legally entitled to be irrigated with groundwater pursuant to an irrigation grandfathered right and which is located within an active management area and outside of the exterior boundaries of the service area of a city, town or private water company has the right to retire such land from irrigation in anticipation of a future

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 non-irrigation use and shall not forfeit or abandon the right to withdraw from or receive for such land the amount of groundwater calculated pursuant to subsection F of this section for a non-irrigation use if ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:

- 1. The land is held in the same ownership.
- 2. A development plan for the proposed non-irrigation use exists and is approved by the director within a reasonable time before or after the land is retired.
  - 3. EITHER ONE OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:
- (a) THE LAND HAS NEVER BEEN DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR AS PROTECTED FARMLAND PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-483, SUBSECTION A.
- (b) THE DIRECTOR DESIGNATED THE LAND AS PROTECTED FARMLAND PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-483, SUBSECTION A, THE DIRECTOR SUBSEQUENTLY REVOKED THE DESIGNATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-483, SUBSECTION C, PARAGRAPH 1 AND THE DIRECTOR DETERMINED AT THE TIME THE DESIGNATION WAS REVOKED THAT THE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN THE LAND WAS TERMINATED BECAUSE A PARTIAL OR FULL CONDEMNATION OF THE LAND MADE FARMING IMPRACTICABLE.
- B. Except as provided in subsection P of this section, the director shall approve the development plan required by subsection A of this section if it appears that the land:
- 1. Has been or will be retired for the bona fide purpose of conserving or using water for a non-irrigation use which would otherwise continue to be used for irrigation of such land.
- '2. Has not been sold or taken out of production primarily because it would have been uneconomical to continue to withdraw water for irrigation.
- C. The director shall not investigate the legality, other than pursuant to this chapter, feasibility or other factors involved in the proposed development plan and shall not disapprove a development plan on such grounds.
- D. A development plan may be amended and the director shall approve amendments if the criteria of this section are met.
- E. A person proposing to retire irrigated land which is located inside or outside of an active management area may apply to the director for approval of a proposed development plan prior to the retirement of such land.
- F. The amount of groundwater which may be withdrawn or received annually per acre pursuant to this section is the lesser of:
- 1. The current maximum amount of groundwater which may be used pursuant to the irrigation grandfathered right for the acre at the time it is retired, as calculated pursuant to section 45-465, subsection B.
- 2. Three acre-feet multiplied by the water duty acres in the farm in which the acre to which the right is appurtenant is located divided by the number of irrigation acres in the farm.
- G. The right to withdraw or receive groundwater pursuant to this section is a non-irrigation grandfathered right associated with retired

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irrigated land, or a type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right as described in section 45-463.

- H. Whether the land to which an irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant is within the exterior boundaries of the service area of a city, town or private water company shall be determined as of the date the development plan is filed with the director.
- I. A city or town in an initial active management area that holds a certificate of irrigation grandfathered right for acres of land that were acquired before January 1, 1989 in another initial active management area, and a groundwater replenishment district established under title 48, chapter 27 that purchases any of that land from the city or town, has the right, subject to subsections J, K, L and M of this section, to retire the land in anticipation of a future non-irrigation use and withdraw from any location on the land groundwater for non-irrigation use on the land or for transportation to another initial active management area for the purpose of demonstrating and providing an assured water supply if all of the following apply:
- 1. Before January 1, 1989, the city or town filed with the director a development plan pursuant to this section for all or a portion of the land.
- 2. Any withdrawals pursuant to this subsection from a new well, as defined in section 45-591, will comply with the rules adopted pursuant to section 45-598, subsection A to prevent unreasonably increasing damage to surrounding land or other water users from the concentration of wells.
- 3. Any withdrawals for transportation to another initial active management area for the purpose of demonstrating and providing an assured water supply are made from a depth to one thousand two hundred feet at the site or sites of the withdrawals, except that the wells may be drilled to any depth.
- J. The amount of groundwater that may be withdrawn and used annually pursuant to subsection I of this section shall be determined pursuant to subsection F of this section. The maximum amount of such groundwater that may be included by the director in determining whether to designate or redesignate the city or town as having an assured water supply pursuant to section 45-576 equals one hundred times the total amount that may be withdrawn annually from the land.
- K. A city or town that is eligible for a type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right under subsection I of this section may:
- 1. Before retiring the land under subsection I of this section, substitute for the acres of land described in subsection I of this section the same number of acres owned by the city or town to which irrigation grandfathered rights are appurtenant and located in the same sub-basin SUBBASIN as the acres described in subsection I of this section.
- 2. At any time, elect to convert a type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right appurtenant to land in the same sub-basin SUBBASIN and acquired by the

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city or town before January 1, 1989 under subsection A of this section to a type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right under subsection I of this section.

- L. In determining whether to designate or redesignate the city or town as having an assured water supply pursuant to section 45-576, based in whole or in part on groundwater transported from the active management area under subsection I of this section, the director shall include the amount of groundwater that may be included under subsection J of this section and can be withdrawn from a depth to one thousand two hundred feet at the site or sites of the proposed withdrawals at a rate that, when added to the existing rate of withdrawals in the area, is not expected to cause the groundwater table at the site or sites of the proposed withdrawals to decline more than an average of ten feet per year during the one hundred year evaluation period.
- M. In any designation or redesignation of an assured water supply pursuant to section 45-576, the projected use of the groundwater that is demonstrated to be available for assured water supply purposes under subsection L of this section is deemed to be consistent with achieving the management goal for the active management area. In any such designation or redesignation, the director shall determine whether the projected use is consistent with the management plan for the active management area by determining whether the projected use is consistent with the management plan of the active management area in which the city or town to be designated or redesignated is located.
- N. Subsections A, B and H of this section do not apply to type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered rights acquired under subsection I of this section.
- O. The director may restore retired irrigation grandfathered rights to land that was retired from irrigation under this section according to the following conditions and procedures:
- 1. Title to the retired land has reverted involuntarily, or voluntarily in lieu of foreclosure or forfeiture, from the person who retired it from irrigation, or a successor in title, to a previous owner.
- 2. The current owner of the retired land must apply to the director in writing stating:
- (a) The history of the original retirement from irrigation under this section.
- (b) The circumstances regarding the reversion of title to the current owner.
  - (c) Why restoring the irrigation grandfathered rights is necessary.
- 3. The director shall enter the application in the registry under section 45-479 and review the application. An administrative hearing shall be held in the active management area in which the use is located on whether to restore the irrigation grandfathered rights to the land.
- 4. The director must find that restoring the irrigation grandfathered rights:

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- (a) Will not adversely impact the management of the active management area.
- (b) Is necessary to prevent unreasonable hardship to the current owner of the retired land.
- 5. If the director decides to restore the retired irrigation grandfathered rights to the land:
- (a) The retired irrigation land regains its original irrigation grandfathered rights, with the debits and credits in its flexibility account at the time of retirement.
- (b) The type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right under this section is terminated.
- (c) The development plan required by this section is terminated for purposes of this section.
- P. Beginning January 1 of the calendar year following the year in which a groundwater replenishment district is required to submit its preliminary plan pursuant to section 45-576.02, subsection A, paragraph 1, the director shall withhold approval of a development plan that is submitted under this section by a person who seeks to obtain a non-irrigation grandfathered right associated with retired irrigated land located in the district unless at the time the plan is submitted:
- 1. The director has determined that the district's plan for operation is consistent with achieving the management goal, according to section 45-576.03, subsection E, and the designation has not expired.
- 2. The master replenishment account, as established in section 45-858.01, does not have a debit balance in an amount in excess of the amount allowed under section 45-576.01, subsection A, paragraph 3.
- Q. Section 45-114, subsections A and B govern administrative proceedings, rehearing or review and judicial review of final decisions of the director under this section.
  - Sec. 5. Section 45-472, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 45-472. Conveyance of irrigation grandfathered right; within service area; outside service area; change to non-irrigation grandfathered right; forfeiture of right to convey to non-irrigation use; definition
- A. The owner of an irrigation grandfathered right may convey the right only with the land to which the right is appurtenant.
- B. If the land to which an irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant is within the exterior boundaries of the service area of a city, town or private water company:
- 1. The irrigation grandfathered right may be conveyed only for an irrigation use, except for expanded animal industry use or as provided in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this subsection. If an irrigation grandfathered right is conveyed for an irrigation or expanded animal industry use, the full amount of the right is conveyed. The amount of groundwater conveyed pursuant to the right:

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- (a) For an irrigation use may be withdrawn from the land to which the right is appurtenant or any other land and may be used only on the land to which the right is appurtenant or on contiguous irrigation acres under common ownership within the service area of the city, town or private water company subject to the provisions of articles 8 and 8.1 of this chapter relating to transportation of groundwater. For purposes of this subdivision, irrigation acres which are separated by a road, highway, easement or right-of-way from the land to which the irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant are deemed to be contiguous.
- (b) For an expanded animal industry use may be withdrawn by the new owner of the right only from the land to which the right is appurtenant and used on that land or on any other land, subject to the provisions of articles 8 and 8.1 of this chapter relating to transportation of groundwater. If the groundwater was delivered by an irrigation district to the previous owner of the right, the irrigation district may continue to deliver groundwater to the new owner pursuant to the right. If any portion of the amount of groundwater conveyed is withdrawn by the new owner and used on other land, no additional groundwater may be withdrawn for use on the land to which the right is appurtenant.
- 2. The irrigation grandfathered right may be conveyed to an industry engaged in the generation of electrical energy for the purpose of electrical energy generation, except that, if the facility for the generation of electrical energy is not subject to title 40, chapter 2, article 6.2, the conveyance is subject to the approval of:
- (a) The appropriate city or town, if the irrigation grandfathered right to be conveyed is appurtenant to land within the exterior boundaries of the service area of a city or town.
- (b) The director, if the irrigation grandfathered right to be conveyed is appurtenant to land within the corporate limits of a city or town and within the exterior boundaries of the service area of a private water company.
- 3. If an irrigation grandfathered right is conveyed for a non-irrigation use pursuant to paragraph 2 of this subsection, the amount of the right that is conveyed is the lesser of:
- (a) The current maximum amount of groundwater which may be used pursuant to the right, as calculated pursuant to section 45-465, subsection B.
- (b) Three acre-feet per year multiplied by the number of water duty acres in the farm in which the acre to which the right is appurtenant is located divided by the number of irrigation acres in the farm.
- 4. The new owner of an irrigation grandfathered right conveyed pursuant to paragraph 2 of this subsection may withdraw the amount of groundwater conveyed pursuant to that right, as determined in paragraph 3 of this subsection, only from the land to which the right is appurtenant and use the groundwater on that land, but may not use the groundwater on other land.

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except that, if the groundwater was delivered by an irrigation district to the previous owner of the right, the irrigation district may continue to deliver groundwater to the new owner pursuant to the right for use on the land to which the right is appurtenant.

- 5. All withdrawal or use of groundwater pursuant to this subsection is subject to subsection H of this section.
- C. If the land to which an irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant is included within the exterior boundaries of the service area of a city, town or private water company subsequent to the date of the designation of an active management area, the owner of the right may, with the approval of the director and consistent with the provisions of this chapter, convey the grandfathered right for a non-irrigation use, other than an expanded animal industry use, on the land to which the right is appurtenant, upon a showing that adequate water service is unavailable at rates comparable to rates charged similar classes of water users within such service area. The amount of the right conveyed is determined pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 3 of this section. All withdrawal or use of groundwater pursuant to this subsection is subject to subsection H of this section.
- D. If the land to which an irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant is outside of the exterior boundaries of the service area of a city, town or private water company:
- 1. The irrigation grandfathered right may be conveyed for an irrigation use or a non-irrigation use. If an irrigation grandfathered right is conveyed for an irrigation or an expanded animal industry use, the full amount of the right is conveyed. If an irrigation grandfathered right is conveyed for a non-irrigation use, other than an expanded animal industry use, the amount of the right that is conveyed is the lesser of:
- (a) The current maximum amount of groundwater which may be used pursuant to the right as calculated pursuant to section 45-465, subsection B.
- (b) Three acre-feet per year multiplied by the number of water duty acres in the farm in which the acre to which the right is appurtenant is located and divided by the number of irrigation acres in the farm.
- 2. The amount of groundwater conveyed pursuant to the right for a non-irrigation use, as determined in paragraph 1 of this subsection, may be withdrawn by the new owner of the right only from the land to which the right is appurtenant and used on that land or on any other land, subject to section 45-473.01 and to the provisions of articles 8 and 8.1 of this chapter relating to transportation of groundwater, except that, if the groundwater was delivered by an irrigation district to the previous owner of the right, the irrigation district may continue to deliver groundwater to the new owner pursuant to the right. If any portion of the amount of groundwater conveyed is withdrawn by the new owner and used on other land, no additional groundwater may be withdrawn for use on the land to which the right is appurtenant, except that, if the new owner is an industry, it may withdraw

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a portion of the amount of groundwater conveyed for use on other land and withdraw the remainder of the amount of groundwater conveyed for municipal and industrial use on the land to which the right is appurtenant for purposes directly related to the industry's industrial operation.

- 3. The amount of groundwater conveyed pursuant to the right for an irrigation use, as determined in paragraph 1 of this subsection, may be withdrawn from the land to which the right is appurtenant or from any other land and may be used only on the land to which the right is appurtenant or on contiguous irrigation acres under common ownership, subject to the provisions of articles 8 and 8.1 of this chapter relating to transportation of groundwater. For purposes of this paragraph, irrigation acres that are separated by a road, highway, easement or right-of-way from the land to which the irrigation grandfathered right is appurtenant are deemed to be contiguous.
- 4. All withdrawal or use of groundwater pursuant to this subsection is subject to subsection H of this section.
- E. If an irrigation grandfathered right is conveyed for a non-irrigation use, the new owner's right to withdraw or receive groundwater is a non-irrigation grandfathered right associated with retired irrigated land, or a type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right. All subsequent conveyances of that right are governed by section 45-473.
- F. The amount of a type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right shall be determined at the time it is established and shall remain fixed at that amount.
- G. AN IRRIGATION GRANDFATHERED RIGHT MAY NOT BE CONVEYED FOR A NON-IRRIGATION USE IF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:
- 1. If an THE irrigation grandfathered right has not been retired in anticipation of a future non-irrigation use and has not been exercised for five consecutive years, the right may not be conveyed for a non-irrigation use.
- 2. THE LAND TO WHICH THE IRRIGATION GRANDFATHERED RIGHT IS APPURTENANT WAS PREVIOUSLY DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR AS PROTECTED FARMLAND PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-483, SUBSECTION A. THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO LAND THAT WAS DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR AS PROTECTED FARMLAND IF THE DIRECTOR REVOKED THE DESIGNATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-483, SUBSECTION C, PARAGRAPH 1 AND THE DIRECTOR DETERMINED AT THAT TIME THAT THE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN THE LAND WAS TERMINATED BECAUSE A PARTIAL OR FULL CONDEMNATION OF THE LAND MADE FARMING IMPRACTICABLE.
- H. A person who owns a type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right under this section shall not withdraw or use groundwater pursuant to the portion of the type 1 non-irrigation grandfathered right that is appurtenant to land which the owner may irrigate with effluent pursuant to section 45-452, subsection J.

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- I. For THE purposes of this section, "land to which the right is appurtenant" means the acre or group of contiguous acres conveyed with an irrigation grandfathered right.
- Sec. 6. Title 45, chapter 2, article 5, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 45-483, to read:
  - 45-483. Designation of protected farmland; notice; revocation of designation; irrigation water duty; assured water supply credit for extinguishment of irrigation grandfathered right prohibited
- A. A PERSON WHO OWNS LAND WITHIN AN ACTIVE MANAGEMENT AREA THAT IS LEGALLY ENTITLED TO BE IRRIGATED WITH GROUNDWATER PURSUANT TO AN IRRIGATION GRANDFATHERED RIGHT MAY APPLY TO THE DIRECTOR FOR DESIGNATION OF THE LAND AS PROTECTED FARMLAND. ON RECEIPT OF AN APPLICATION, THE DIRECTOR SHALL GRANT THE APPLICATION AND DESIGNATE THE LAND IDENTIFIED IN THE APPLICATION AS PROTECTED FARMLAND IF THE DIRECTOR DETERMINES THAT THE LAND IS SUBJECT TO AN AGRICULTURAL EASEMENT ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO TITLE 3, CHAPTER 18, ARTICLE 1, OR A CONSERVATION EASEMENT THAT PROHIBITS THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE LAND FOR NONAGRICULTURAL USES PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL FARMLAND PROTECTION PROGRAM ESTABLISHED BY PUBLIC LAW 104-127; 110 STAT. 888.
- B. A PERSON WHO OWNS LAND THAT HAS BEEN DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR AS PROTECTED FARMLAND PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOTIFY THE DIRECTOR IN WRITING IF THE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN THE LAND TERMINATES. THE NOTICE SHALL BE GIVEN WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE TERMINATION OF THE EASEMENT AND SHALL SPECIFY THE REASON FOR THE TERMINATION.
- C. AFTER THE DIRECTOR DESIGNATES LAND AS PROTECTED FARMLAND PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION, THE DIRECTOR SHALL REVOKE THE DESIGNATION IF EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:
- 1. THE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN THE LAND HAS TERMINATED. IF THE DIRECTOR REVOKES A DESIGNATION OF PROTECTED FARMLAND UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH, THE DIRECTOR SHALL DETERMINE AT THAT TIME WHETHER THE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSERVATION EASEMENT TERMINATED BECAUSE A PARTIAL OR FULL CONDEMNATION OF THE LAND MADE FARMING IMPRACTICABLE. THE DIRECTOR SHALL GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE REVOCATION AND OF THE DIRECTOR'S DETERMINATION OF WHETHER THE EASEMENT TERMINATED BECAUSE A PARTIAL OR FULL CONDEMNATION OF THE LAND MADE FARMING IMPRACTICABLE TO THE OWNER AT THE OWNER'S LAST ADDRESS ON FILE WITH THE DEPARTMENT.
- 2. THE OWNER OF THE LAND HAS REQUESTED THE DIRECTOR TO REVOKE THE DESIGNATION AND THE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN THE LAND HAS NOT TERMINATED.
- D. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW, IF THE DIRECTOR DESIGNATES LAND AS PROTECTED FARMLAND PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION, THE IRRIGATION WATER DUTY FOR THE LAND SHALL BE THE IRRIGATION WATER DUTY IN EFFECT FOR THE LAND UNDER THE APPLICABLE MANAGEMENT PLAN WHEN THE APPLICATION FOR DESIGNATION WAS FILED, INCLUDING ANY SUBSEQUENT ADJUSTMENTS TO THAT WATER DUTY AS A RESULT OF AN APPLICATION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW FILED WITH THE

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DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-575, SUBSECTION A. IF THE DIRECTOR REVOKES THE DESIGNATION OF PROTECTED FARMLAND PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION C OF THIS SECTION, THE IRRIGATION WATER DUTY FOR THE LAND SHALL BE THE IRRIGATION WATER DUTY ESTABLISHED FOR THE LAND IN THE APPLICABLE MANAGEMENT PLAN PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-566, 45-567 OR 45-568.

E. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW OR RULE, THE DIRECTOR SHALL NOT ESTABLISH OR GRANT AN ASSURED WATER SUPPLY CREDIT FOR THE EXTINGUISHMENT OF AN IRRIGATION GRANDFATHERED RIGHT UNDER THE RULES ADOPTED BY THE DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 45-576, SUBSECTION H IF THE LAND TO WHICH THE IRRIGATION GRANDFATHERED RIGHT IS APPURTENANT WAS PREVIOUSLY DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR AS PROTECTED FARMLAND PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION. THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO LAND THAT WAS DESIGNATED BY THE DIRECTOR AS PROTECTED FARMLAND IF THE DIRECTOR REVOKED THE DESIGNATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION C, PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SECTION AND THE DIRECTOR DETERMINED AT THAT TIME THAT THE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN THE LAND WAS TERMINATED BECAUSE A PARTIAL OR FULL CONDEMNATION OF THE LAND MADE FARMING IMPRACTICABLE.

F. SECTION 45-114, SUBSECTIONS A AND B GOVERN ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS, REHEARING OR REVIEW AND JUDICIAL REVIEW OF FINAL DECISIONS OF THE DIRECTOR UNDER THIS SECTION.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 25, 2003.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 25, 2003.

Passed the House <u>March 5</u> , 20 <u>03</u> ,	Passed the Senate April 17 , 20 03
	1.
by the following vote: 55 Ayes,	by the following vote: Ayes,
Nays, 3 Not Voting	Nays, 2 Not Voting
Speaker of the House  Horman L. Moore	Chamin Bullinton
Chief Clerk of the House	Secretary of the Senate
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF GOVERNOR	
This Bill was received by the Governor this	
Secretary to the Governor	
Approved this day of	
at o'clock M.	
At Now/C	
Governor of Arizona	
<b>V</b>	EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE
ир <i>247</i> 6	This Bill was received by the Secretary of State this 25 day of April, 2003,
ир <i>9476</i>	this day of April, 20

H.B. 2476